

Turns and Patterns

Look at this block. We make three different rules to turn it clockwise and see the patterns.

Rule 1: Repeat it with a one-fourth turn.













Rule 2: Repeat it with a half turn.











Rule 3: Repeat it with a three-fourth turn.













Practice time

1) What should come next?







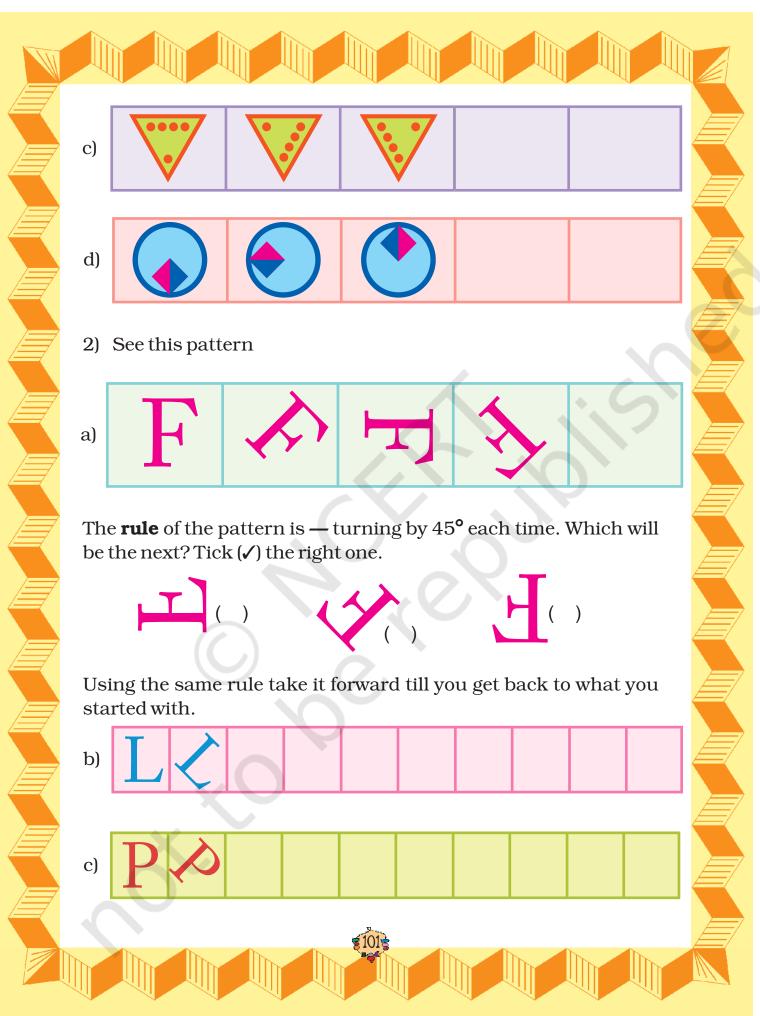


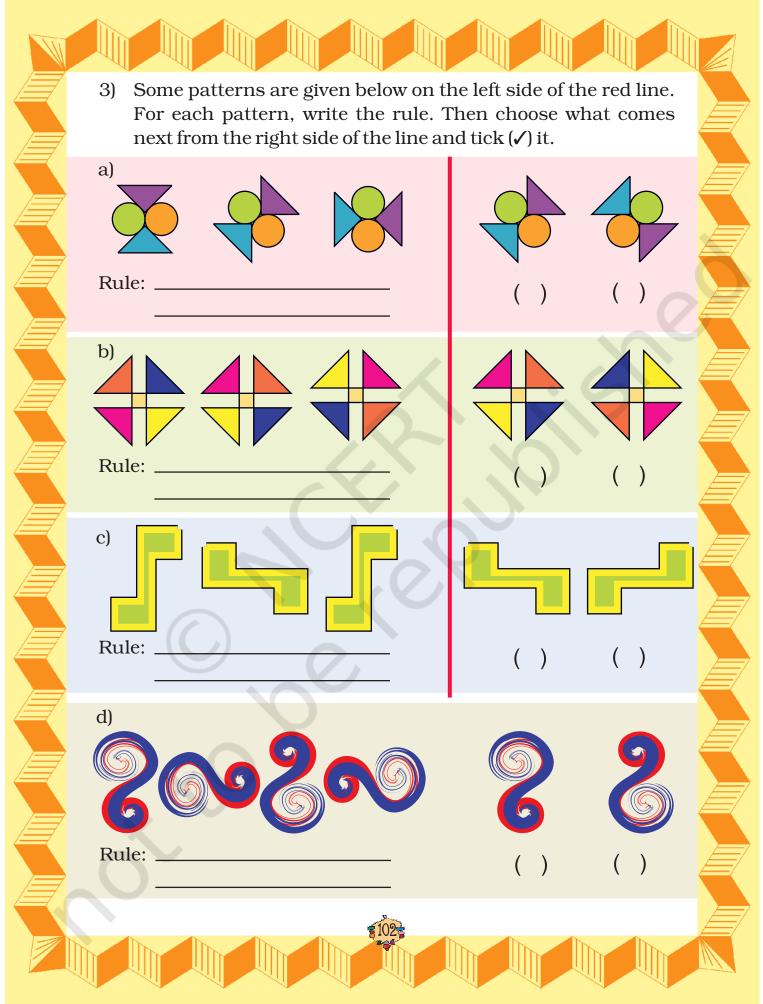




Encourage children to think of other alternatives. Answers obtained by anticlockwise turns should also be accepted and discussed.

2021-22







Mark that picture which is breaking the rule. Also correct it.

a)





49

47







Magic Squares

Do you remember magic triangles? Come now, let's make some magic squares.

* Fill this square using all the numbers from 46 to 54.

Rule: The total of each line is 150.

	25),
X		

Fill this square using all the numbers from 21 to 29.

46

52

Rule: The total of each side is 75.

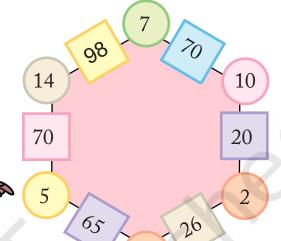
You can see Math-Magic Class IV (page 11) for similar magic patterns.

Magic Hexagons

Look at the patterns of numbers in hexagons.

Each side has 2 circles and 1 box.

You get the number in each box by multiplying the numbers in the circles next to it.

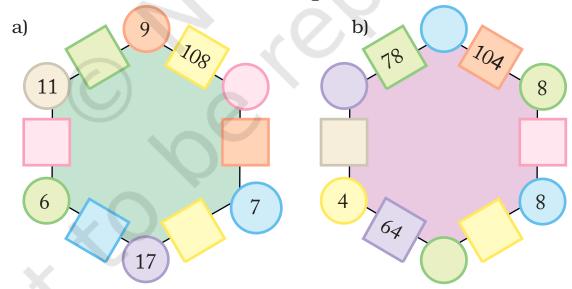


13

Look at the number 65 in the box. Which are the circles next to it?

Can you see how the rule works?

* Use the same rule to fill the hexagons below.



Now you also make your own magic hexagons.

You can discuss that a hexagon is a six-sided closed figure, but this is not to be evaluated.

Numbers and Numbers

- * Are they equal?
- * Fill in the blank spaces in the same way.

$$*$$
 Now, look at this $-$ 48 \times 13 = 13 \times 48

Check if it is true or not.

Left Right — Same to Same

Can you see something special about 121?

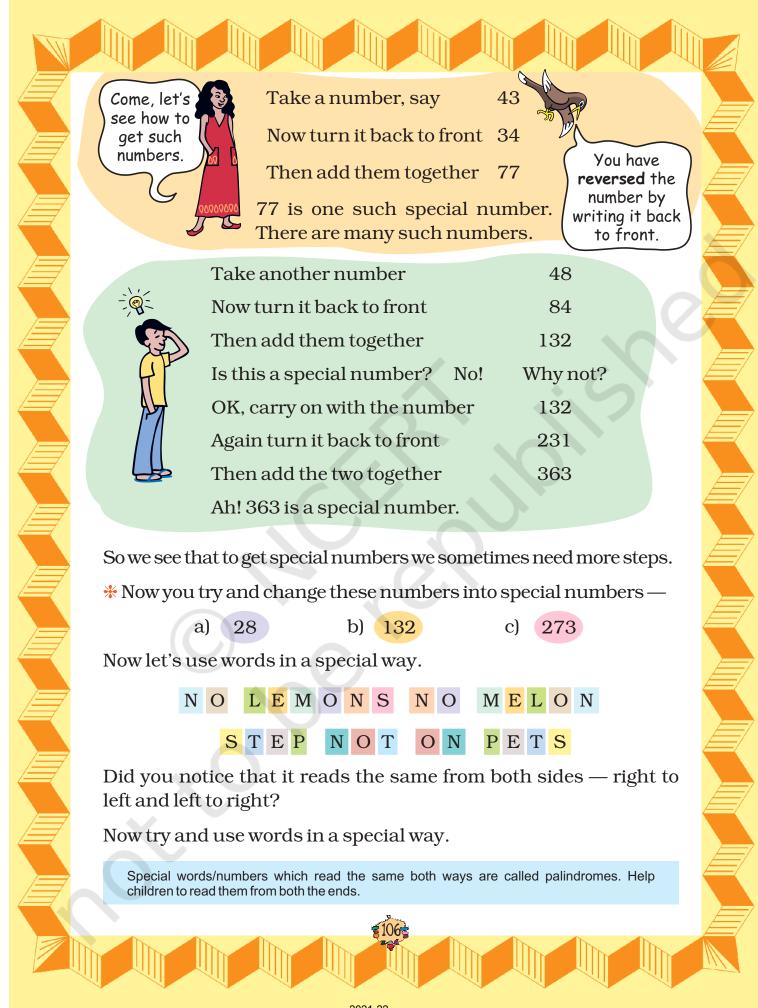
See it is the same forward as well as backward.

What, it's just a number!

Oh, yes! It is 1,2,1 from right to left also!

Discuss with students that changing the order of numbers does not make any difference to the sum.

€105°



Calendar Magic

Look at the calendar below.

Let us mark a 3×3 box (9 dates) on the calendar and see some magic.

S	m	t	W	th	f	S	I can quickly find the total of these numbers in the box.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	\$ 3.50 \$ 2.50 \$
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	Won't that take some
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	time?
29	30	31				E	The total is 99.

Take the smallest number 3

> Add 8 to it +8

> > 11

Multiply it by 9 **x**9

> Total 99

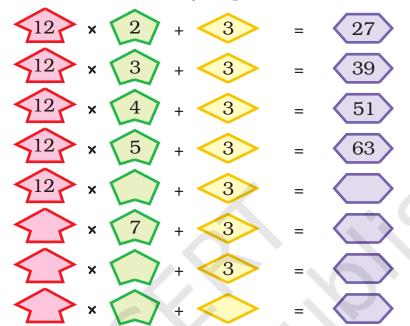


Hey! Just take the middle number and multiply it by 9. See you can get the answer even faster.

Now you choose any 3×3 box from a calendar and find the total in the same way. Play this game with your family.

You can see Math-Magic Class III (page 105-106) for other calendar tricks.

Some more Number Patterns



Now try doing it with some other number and also take a different number to add at each step.

* Look at the numbers below. Look for the pattern. Can you take it forward?

$$(9-1) \div 8 = 1$$

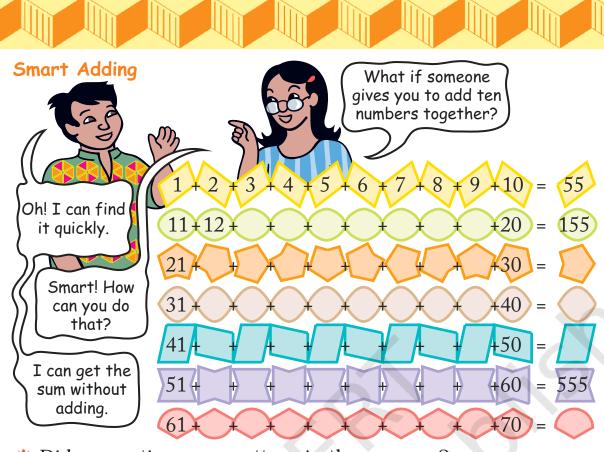
 $(98-2) \div 8 = 12$

$$(987 - 3) \div 8 = 123$$

$$(9876 - 4) \div 8 =$$

$$(98765 - 5) \div 8 =$$

Encourage children to read aloud the numbers on the left hand side, even if they can not read them correctly. Some of the numbers are large. To help children read them, recall the concept of 1 lakh or 100 thousand.



* Did you notice some pattern in the answers?

Fun with Odd Numbers

Take the first two odd numbers. Now add them, see what you get.

Now, at every step, add the next odd number.

How far can you go on?

When we add the first n odd numbers, we will get the sum as $n \times n$. Children should be left free to add the numbers.

Secret Numbers

Banno and Binod were playing a guessing game by writing clues about a secret number. Each tried to guess the other's secret number from the clues.

Can you guess their secret numbers?

- ₩ It is larger than half of 100
- It is more than 6 tens and less than 7 tens
- The tens digit is one more than the ones digit
- Together the digits have a sum of 11

What is

my secret number?



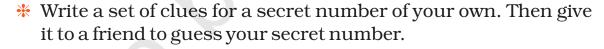


It is smaller than half of 100

It is more than 4 tens and less than 5 tens

The tens digit is two more than the ones digit

Together the digits have a sum of 6

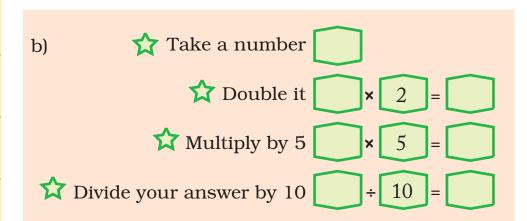


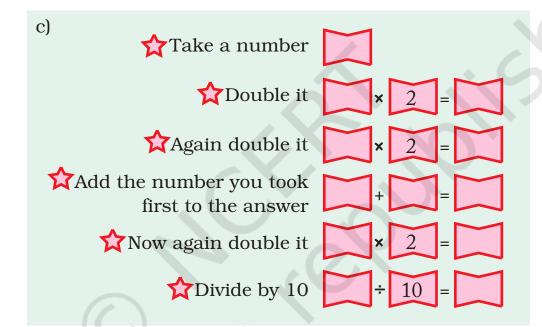
സ്ക

Number Surprises

a) Ask your friend — Write down your age. Add 5 to it. Multiply the sum by 2. Subtract 10 from it. Next divide it by 2. What do you get?

Is your friend surprised?





d) Look at this pattern of numbers and take it forward.

$$1 = 1 \times 1$$

$$121 = 11 \times 11$$

$$12321 = 111 \times 111$$

$$1234321 = ?$$

* Now make your own number surprises.